

T-1 3/4 (5mm) SOLID STATE LAMP

Part Number: WP7113LSRD

Super Bright Red

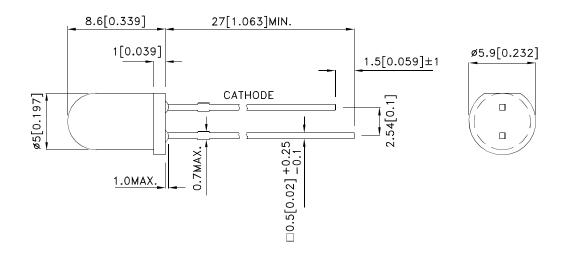
Features

- Low power consumption.
- Popular T-1 3/4 diameter package.
- General purpose leads.
- Reliable and rugged.
- Long life solid state reliability.
- Available on tape and reel.
- Low current IF=2mA operating.
- RoHS compliant.

Description

The Super Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions





- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25(0.01")$ unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.4. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.

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Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	lv (mcd) [2] @ 2mA		Viewing Angle [1]
		,,	Min.	Тур.	201/2
WD7440LCDD	Super Bright Red (GaAlAs)	Red Diffused	10	20	- 30°
WP7113LSRD		Rea Dillusea	*4	*8	

Notes:

- 1. θ 1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
- Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.
 Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Red	655		nm	IF=2mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Red	640		nm	IF=2mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Red	20		nm	IF=2mA
С	Capacitance	Super Bright Red	45		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Red	1.65	2.5	V	IF=2mA
lr	Reverse Current	Super Bright Red		10	uA	V _R = 5V

- Navelength: +/-1nm.
 Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
 Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

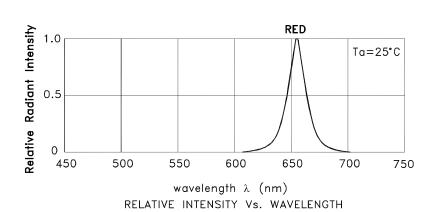
Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Super Bright Red	Units	
Power dissipation	75	mW	
DC Forward Current	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current [1]	155	mA	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C		
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds		
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds		

Notes:

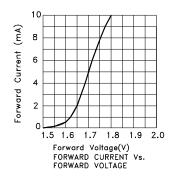
- 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
 2. 2mm below package base.
 5mm below package base.

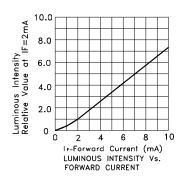
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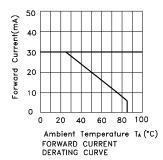


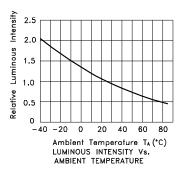
Super Bright Red

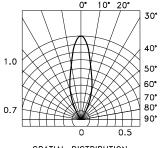
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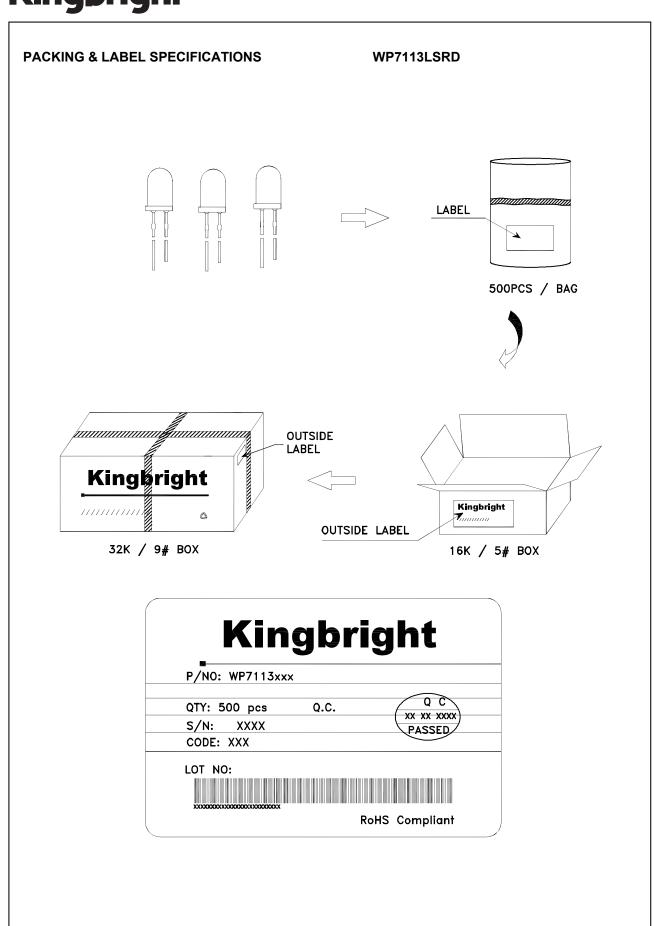






SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

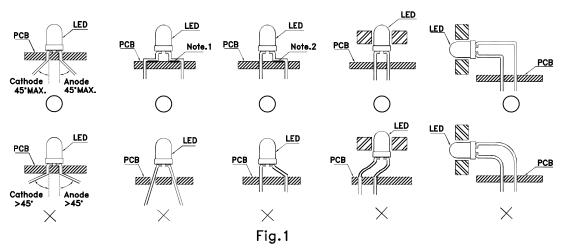
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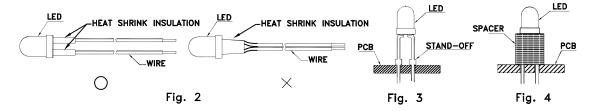
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PRECAUTIONS

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead—forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)



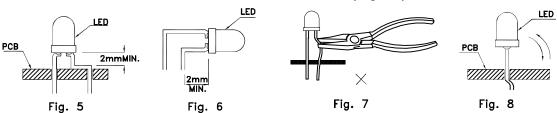
- "() " Correct mounting method "imes" Incorrect mounting method
- 2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat—shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short—circuit. (Fig.2)
- 3. Use stand—offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



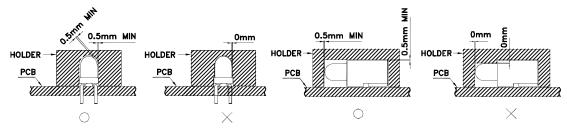
- 4. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)
- 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)

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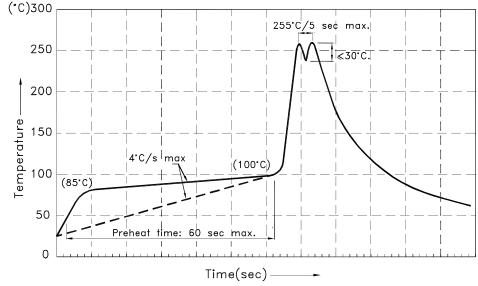
6. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 8)



7. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering.



- 8. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 9. Through—hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 10. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.
- 11. Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



Notes:

- 1.Recommend pre—heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
- 2.Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C \sim 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
- $3.\mathrm{Do}$ not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above $85^{\circ}\mathrm{C}.$
- 4.Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- 5.SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
- 6.No more than one wave soldering pass.

All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at http://www.KingbrightUSA.com/ApplicationNotes

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